

CoolCram Demo for (70-222) Migrating from NT 4.0 to Win 2000

(Note: Demos don't contain the answers which come with the released guides.)

Some notes about 70-220 Exam:

This exam is case question based and mixed with some non-case questions.

CASE QUESTION ONE:

Woodgrove Bank is a small financial institution in Nashville, Tennessee. It provides online banking services over the Internet. Its only office is located in Nashville. The Company has two divisions: a business division that operates from 8.00 am to 4.00 pm Monday to Friday and a technology division that operates 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Woodgrove Bank employs 150 people and serves 1000 customers.

Your Assignment:

You need to migrate the existing WinNT environment to Windows 2000. To do so, you will migrate all security principals and resources from the existing Windows NT domain environment to woodgrovebank.com. Design specifications state that you will use ClonePrincipal and Netdom to perform the migration.

Project Requirements:

.....(Omitted here in the demo version.)

Security Design:

.....(Omitted here in the demo version.)

Corporate Standards:

.....(Omitted here in the demo version.)

IT Environment:

.....(Omitted here in the demo version.)

Domain Structure:

.....(Omitted here in the demo version.)

Administrative Model:

.....(Omitted here in the demo version.)

Server and Application Details:

.....(Omitted here in the demo version.)

Questions:

(Omitted here in the demo version.)

NON-CASE QUESTION:

1) Your domain consists of a single primary Windows 2000 DNS server. You want to provide fault tolerance for the primary zone file. What should you do?

- A. Select the Properties option for the zone on the master server, and change the zone type to Standard Primary.
- B. Select the Properties option for the zone on the master server, and change the zone type to Active Directory Integrated.
- C. Select the Properties option for the zone on the master server, and select Yes to allow dynamic updates.
- D. Select the Properties option for the zone on the master server. On the Zone Transfer tab, select the Allow Zone Transfers to Any Server option.

2) You complete a domain upgrade. The DNS Server service is installed on a domain controller. Active Directory is configured and enabled. You need to use Active Directory integration to enable secure dynamic updates. You need fault tolerance of DNS zones. You need the ability to translate IP addresses into NetBIOS names.

Order the following tasks:

- A. In the primary DNS forward lookup zone, select the Active Directory
- B. In the primary DNS reverse lookup zone, select the Active Directory
- C. Choose the primary DNS server's forward lookup zones folder. Under Properties select Allow Only Secure Updates.
- D. Choose the primary DNS server's reverse lookup zones folder. Under Properties select Allow Only Secure Updates.
- E. Install DNS on another domain controller.
- F. In the secondary DNS forward lookup zones, create a new zone. Select the Active Directory Integrated check box and enter the name of the Active Directory integrated zone.
- G. In the secondary DNS reverse lookup zones, create a new zone. Select the Active Directory Integrated check box and enter the name of the Active Directory integrated zone.

3) You are the administrator of your company's network. You recently completed a domain upgrade. Previously, all client computers used static IP addresses on your network. During the domain upgrade, you configured client computers to obtain IP, WINS, and DNS information automatically from a DHCP server. Now one user named Kim reports that she cannot log on to the domain from her Windows 2000 Professional computer. However, other users on the same segment can successfully log on to the domain. You verify that Kim can successfully ping the IP address of the domain controller. What else can you do to solve Kim's logon problem?

- A. Verify that a WINS server is available on the user's subnet.
- B. Verify that the PDC emulator is online.
- C. Verify that a forward lookup entry for the user's computer exists in the DNS database.
- D. Verify that no static DNS entry exists on the user's computer.