

COOL CRAM BIBLE

For Microsoft Certification Course 70-218

Managing Win 2000 Network

Trial Version



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Cool Cram Lab

1. You are a network administrator for your company. You are responsible for a child domain in your enterprise. The human resources (HR) department uses this child domain. The domain contains Windows 2000 domain controllers and Windows NT 4.0 member servers.

The HR department institutes a new employee review process. Under the new process, documents that are used for performance reviews will be stored in the shared folder, and managers will be the only personnel who will have access to that shared folder.

In that organizational unit (OU) named Mgr1, existing global groups for managers are the IT Managers group, the HR Managers group, the Finance Managers group and the Manufacturing Managers group.

You want to add these managers groups to a new security global group named All Managers. The All Managers group is in a separate OU named AllMgr. However, when to attempt to add each of the managers groups to the All Managers group, you notice that only individual users accounts are available to be added and the managers group are not available to be added.

What should you do?

- A. Move the All Managers group to the Mgr1 OU.
- B. Ask the domain administrator to switch the domain to native mode.
- C. Change the All Members group from a global group to a universal group.
- D. Ask the domain administrator to assign you the Allow - Change permission for each of the managers global groups.

Answer: B

2. You are a domain administrator for your company. You are installing a network in a new branch office. The network contains two Windows 2000 Server computers and 10 Windows 2000 Professional computers. A Windows 2000 Server computer named ServerA provides DHCP service for the network.

You are installing a new Windows 2000 Server computer named ServerC. You have a dial-up account with a local Internet service provider (ISP). You connect a 56-Kbps modem to ServerC. You want to use serverC to provide shared access to the internet.

Which three actions should you take? (Choose three)

- A. Install the WinSock proxy client on ServerC.
- B. Install the WinSock proxy client on all of the client computers.

- C. Install the DNS service on ServerC.
- D. Install internet connection sharing on ServerC.
- E. Uninstall the DHCP service on serverA.
- F. Create a dial-up connection on ServerC and configure the connection with the ISP account information.

Answer: D E F

3. You are the administrator of a Windows 2000 Server computer named ServerA. The server has dual Pentium II-450 processors, 192 MB of RAM, and two hard disks, which are configured as shown in the following table: (see exhibit)

Physical disk	Logical disk	File system	Partition role	Partition size
0	C	NTFS	System and boot	5GB
0	D	NTFS	Applications	25GB
1	E	NTFS	Data storage	100GB

Users report that server performance is acceptable under normal working conditions, such as accessing files and printing documents. However, when a large accounting application is run, performance becomes significantly slower. When the application is processing large amounts of data, users report long waiting periods when they access files stored on the hard disk or when they submit print jobs.

You monitor ServerA by using System Monitor. You discover that when the accounting application is running, the sustained processor utilization on both processors is 100 percent. There are also numerous hard pages faults. When the application is not running, sustained processor utilization drops to 50 percent, but the number of hard pages faults remains high.

You need to improve the performance of ServerA. What should you do?

- A. Upgrade the memory in ServerA.
- B. Upgrade the processors in ServerA.
- C. Move the paging file from the system partition to drive E.
- D. Increase the default size of the paging file to at least 384 MB.

Answer: A

4. You are a network administrator for your company. A user named Maria reports that her Windows 2000 Professional computer has stopped responding.

You examine the computer and discover that it is displaying a STOP message. Maria reports that the computer has been displaying a STOP message intermittently during the past several days. You restart the computer and it functions normally.

A few minutes later, Maria reports that the computer has stopped responding again. You investigate and discover the same STOP message. The documentation for Maria's computer indicates that a new network adapter card was installed in the computer 10 days ago.

You set up a second Windows 2000 Professional computer for Maria to use. You need to provide access to her original computer so that she can copy three files onto a floppy disk and copy them to the second computer. However, when you restart her original computer, it displays a STOP message after only a few minutes.

You need to provide Maria with access to the files on her original computer. You need to accomplish this task as quickly as possible.

What should you do?

- A. Restart the original computer by using safe mode.
- B. Restart the original computer by using the last known good configuration.
- C. Restart the original computer by using an Emergency Repair Disk.
- D. Restart the original computer by using the Windows 2000 Professional CD-ROM, and select the option to repair the installation.

Answer: A

#End Demo#